

COD: 30Z12/24.T.2024

### Installation, use and maintenance manual

# **ZEN 30**

## TOUCH SCREEN - 12/24 V dc



CE UK CA



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1 - LAYOUT OF MANUAL

### **1. LAYOUT OF MANUAL**

### 1.1 Structure of the manual

The manual is divided into chapters, which gather all the information necessary to use the system without risks.

In each chapter there is a subdivision in paragraphs to focus on essential points; each paragraph can be found with a subtitle and a description.

In each chapter, for example chapter 1, we have:

1 Chapter title 1.1

- Paragraph title
- 1.1.1 Subtitle

1.1.1.1 Further subtitle

### **1.2 Description of the symbols**

The following symbols shall be used in the manual to highlight important indications and warnings:



### ATTENTION:

This symbol indicates accident prevention regulations for the operator and / or for any exposed persons.



### CAUTION:

This symbol indicates that there is the possibility of damaging the system and / or its components.



### NOTE:

This symbol indicates useful information.



### 2 - GENERAL WARNINGS & INFORMATION TO THE RECIPIENT COD.30Z12/24.T.2024

### 2. GENERAL WARNINGS AND INFORMATION TO THE RECIPIENT

### 2.1 Important information

In order to safeguard the operator's safety and avoid possible damages to the machine, before carrying out any operation on the machine, it is essential to read carefully all the instructions.

This manual must be left complete and legible in its entirety, every operator involved in the use of the machine, or responsible for maintenance or adjustment operations, must know its location and must have the possibility to consult it any time.

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This manual was drafted according to the requirements of the 2006/42 / EC Machinery Directive.

### 2.2 Safety warnings

- Wear protective equipment suitable for service operation.
- Do not remove safety devices or accident prevention protection.
- Check if the system is properly installed contacting a Schenker service point.
- Verify that the electric and hydraulic connections follow the indicated specifications.
- Avoid using the watermaker if the sea water is polluted.
- Children and inexperienced people shall not touch or use the system.
- Check periodically that no leaks are present. Avoid installing the system where a leak may cause damage and/or jeopardize the safety of the vessel.
- Maintenance should only be carried out by qualified people or Schenker technicians.





### ATTENTION

Any technical changes or operating conditions indicated which affect the correct operation or safety of the machine must only be carried out by the manufacturer's technical staff or by technicians formally authorized by the manufacturer. Otherwise, SCHENKER ITALIA declines any responsibility for changes or damages that may result from it.

### 2.3 Limited warranty

The equipment and the relevant accessories are subject to a 12-month limited warranty from delivery date. The limited warranty does not include consumable items (filters, carbon filters, membranes, etc.). The "ERS" pressure amplification device is subject to a 36-month limited warranty, as long as the watermaker is given a proper maintenance by a specialized Schenker technician. The limited warranty covers faults due to defected materials and parts. It is limited to the replacement or repair of faulty parts. The charge for the disconnecting and reinstalling on the vessel, as well as transportation from or to our Service Point (or our factory) shall be at the customers own expenses.

Delivery of parts subject to this limited warranty shall be at customer's own risk.

In case of repairs under this limited warranty performed by our technicians on the customer's vessel, the faulty parts replacement cost shall be at Schenker's expense, while manpower and travel expenses will be charged to the customer. The limited warranty does not include faults caused by negligence in operating, maintenance and installation of the device (if not carried out by an authorised Schenker Service point).

Dismantling by non-authorized personnel will invalidate the limited warranty. Schenker Italia will not be responsible for any direct or indirect damage caused by the malfunctioning equipment, limiting its liability to the repair and replacement of faulty parts.

Except for the limited warranty set forth above, Schenker italia makes no warranty whatsoever with respect to the products, including any (a) warranty of merchantability; (b) warranty of fitness for a particular purpose; (c) warranty of title; or (d) warranty against infringement of intellectual property rights of a third party; whether express or implied by law, course of dealing, course of performance, usage of trade or otherwise

Lack of general maintenance, (See 6. MAINTENANCE (ROUTINE AND SPECIAL, the use of non-genuine Schenker spares, may reduce the life expectancy of the pump(s), ERS & membrane. It should also be noted that using a watermaker in silty or contaminated water can introduce impurities into the system causing damage in the form of scratches to the internal components. This will affect the efficiency of the watermaker and is not covered by warranty.



SCHENKER ITALIA declines any responsibility for improper use of the machine, for damages caused as a result of operations not covered by this manual or unreasonable use.



### 2.4 Risk overview

Identifying and understanding potential risks associated with the use of these systems is an important step in ensuring its safe and effective operation. We have provided a list of potential risks associated with using the product, to help you understand the potential hazards and take the necessary steps to mitigate them. Please read through this overview carefully to help ensure your safety and the continued safe operation of your watermaker.

### Fire hazards

When operating it is essential to consider the risk of fire. These systems contain electrical components and machinery that can generate heat, creating potential fire hazards. It is crucial to follow the instructions carefully and avoid any modifications or repairs without the necessary expertise. Keep the machine clean and free from any debris, as dust and dirt can accumulate and increase the risk of fire. Always make sure to check the electrical wiring and connections regularly, as loose or damaged wiring can cause sparks and start a fire. In the event of a fire, turn off the power supply immediately and use an appropriate fire extinguisher to contain and extinguish the flames. By being aware of the potential fire hazards and taking the necessary precautions, you can operate your boat equipment safely and minimize the risk of fire.

### **Electrical hazards**

When operating it is crucial to understand the risks associated with electricity. These systems contain electrical components that require careful handling to avoid injury or damage to the equipment. Before operating the machine, ensure that you have a clear understanding of its electrical requirements and how to safely handle its wiring and connections. Always use a grounded electrical outlet, and never operate the machine if the wiring is frayed or damaged. Never attempt to modify or repair the machine's electrical components unless you have the necessary expertise and follow the instructions carefully. If you experience any electrical shocks or notice any unusual smells or smoke, turn off the power immediately and seek professional assistance. By being aware of the potential electrical risks and taking the necessary precautions, you can safely operate your boat equipment and avoid any potential accidents. In any case, it is recommended to inspect the machine regularly to minimize the risk.



Please note that the electrical components of the watermaker must be installed and operated in compliance with all applicable regulations and standards. It is the responsibility of the user or installer to ensure that all electrical connections and wiring are performed in accordance with the appropriate codes and standards for the jurisdiction in which the system will be used. Failure to follow these regulations and standards could result in electrical hazards or other issues. Therefore, it is essential that users or installers consult with a qualified electrician or technician to ensure that all electrical components are installed and operated safely and in compliance with all applicable regulations and standards."

### **Flooding hazards**

When operating it is crucial to be aware of the risk of flooding. These systems use high-pressure water to remove salt and impurities from seawater, and any malfunctions or operator errors can cause the system to flood. To prevent flooding, always monitor the system closely during operation and follow these instructions carefully. Ensure that all hoses and connections are tight and secure, and regularly check for any signs of wear or damage. If you notice any leaks or unusual noises, turn off the system immediately and address the issue before continuing operation. It is also essential to maintain the system regularly, including replacing filters and checking the membranes for any signs of wear or damage. In any case, it is recommended to inspect the machine regularly to minimize the risk.



2 - GENERAL WARNINGS & INFORMATION TO THE RECIPIENT COD.30Z12/24.T.2024



This risk overview provides a comprehensive list of potential hazards, but it could be not exhaustive. The user should exercise caution and follow all instructions and guidelines provided in the manual to minimize risk.

### 2.5 Risk Mitigation Strategies

Proper installation, use, and maintenance of the watermaker is essential to ensure its safe and effective operation. To help minimize the risks associated with using the product, here is a list of risk mitigation strategies that should be followed at all times. These strategies are designed to help you use the product safely and effectively, and to minimize the risk of failure or other issues. Please read through these strategies carefully and follow them closely to help ensure the continued safe operation of your watermaker.

#### **Proper Installation**

It is important to install the watermaker according to the instructions provided in the manual. This will ensure that the system is properly set up and functioning correctly. It is strictly recommended to seek the assistance of a professional technician for the installation.

### **Regular Maintenance**

Regular maintenance is essential to keep the watermaker functioning correctly and to minimize the risk of failure or other issues. Follow the maintenance schedule provided in the manual, and perform any necessary repairs promptly.

#### **Proper Use**

To minimize the risk any of the above hazards, it is important to use the watermaker correctly, follow the instructions provided in the manual, and taking appropriate safety precautions when handling all the components of the system.

### 2.6 Identification of the unit

The Zen Watermaker can be identified by a serial number printed on a label on the top valve of the unit.





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### 2 - GENERAL WARNINGS & INFORMATION TO THE RECIPIENT COD.30Z12/24.T.2024

### 2.7 Legislative reference

### 2.7.1 Directives and standards concerning machine safety

- Machinery Directive 2006/42 / EC, in force since December 29, 2009
- Low Voltage Directive 73/23 / EEC and subsequent amendments and additions: 93/68 / CEE implemented by the Law of 18 October 1997 n. 791
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 89/336 / EEC and subsequent amendments and additions: 93/31 / CEE implemented with D.L. December 4, 1992 n. 476
- Standards UNI EN 292/1 and 292/2 (safety of machinery)
- Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 S.I. 2008:1597
- Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016 S.I. 2016:1101
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016 S.I. 2016:1091

### 2.7.2 Respect for the environment – requirements for removal and disposal

### ATTENTION

Removal and disposal of materials, as result of the decommissioning of the machine, must be performed in accordance with the regulations in force, for the safeguard and protection of the environment.

According to removal and disposal, it should be highlighted that the construction materials of the machine are not dangerous for the environment and consist essentially of:

- Stainless Steel;
- Plastic;
- Carbon fibre;
- Motors, cables and consumable electrical materials;
- Rubber and polyurethane seals.

The various materials must be discarded according to the regulations of the country where the machine has been uninstalled.

The machine does not contain dangerous components or substances that require special removal procedures.



### ATTENTION

Different legislations are in force in the different countries, therefore the prescriptions imposed by the laws and by the agencies designated by the Countries must be observed.



### **3. PRESENTATION OF THE PRODUCT**



### Be sure to follow general safety instructions.

- Wear protective equipment suitable for the transport and handling operations.
- Lift the machine with equipment appropriate to the weight and size of the box, taking the utmost care and following carefully the instructions on the present use and maintenance manual (attachment points for loading devices, etc.).
- Make sure that the lifting equipment used is in good condition and properly maintained.
- Do not stand under the package during lifting or transport operations.

### 3.1 Transport and material handling

The watermaker unit is transported in a cardboard box. Dimensions and weight are indicated in the following table.



MATERIALS HANDLING fig. 3-1

Model	L cm.	W cm.	H cm.	Weight Kg.
ZEN30	80	48	40	39

### Packaging dimensions and weight tab.3-1



### 3.2 Stockage



### ATTENTION

To avoid damage to the system, be sure to keep the unit in a dry place with a temperature between 5°C and 45°C. Very cold temperatures could led to a freezing of the fluid inside the system and, as a clear consequence, a permanent damage of the latter.

### 3.3 Packaging

3.3.1 Packaging contents



PACKAGING FIG. 3-2

ZEN 30			
Watermaker	Pump group		
Active carbon filter with electrovalve	5 microns filter with accumulator		
Net filter	Non-return valve with Tee fitting		
Remote panel	10 mt extension cable for remote panel		
Installation kit	Filter key		
6x8 hose for production			



### 3.4 Attached documents

The package contains the technical documentation (use and maintenance manual, electric and hydraulic scheme, warnings and instructions).



- Read carefully the use and maintenance manual before installing the system.
- Use only recommended material for the installation (especially hoses, fittings and seals) in accordance with the manual.
- Do not store the unit under temperature below 5°C and above 45 °C



DOCUMENTS INCLUDED IN THE PACKAGING FIG. 3-3

### 3.5 Technical data

### WATERMAKER









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Weight:	21 Kg
<i>Hydraulic Connection</i> Seawater inlet: Brine Discharge: Fresh water:	hose barb for 16mm internal diameter reinforced hose. hose barb for 16mm internal diameter reinforced hose. ¼" fitting, 6x8mm hose.
<b>PUMP</b> <i>Dimensions</i> Length: Width: Height: Weight:	23,5 cm 22 cm 27 cm 4,5 Kg
<i>Hydraulic Connection</i> Water inlet: Water outlet:	hose barb for 16mm internal diameter reinforced hose. hose barb for 16mm internal diameter reinforced hose.
Feed pump type:	Shurflo diaphragm pump
Filters:	n. 1 Cartridge filter 5 microns 2.32" x 5" n. 1 Active carbon filter 2.32" x 5"
Power supply:	12 VDC +/- 15% (30Z12 version) 24 VDC +/- 15% (30Z24 version)
Average electric consumption	on: 110 Watt/h average
Nominal fresh water product	tion: 30 Lit/h +/- 20% @ seawater 25 °C salinity 35.000 ppm
CEE conformity:	In compliance with directives 89/392 CEE sect.1 (general safety machines requirements), 89/336 CEE (electromagnetic compatibility), 73/23 CEE (electric safety requirements)

### 3.6 Features of the product

The fresh water produced by a Schenker watermaker, obtained by clean seawater, has a high purity. Despite this, the potability may not be guaranteed: bacterium caused by non-observance of shutdown and cleaning procedures may be present in the watermaker. Therefore, it is essential that the correct shut down and storage procedures are followed to ensure continued purity of the fresh water. Furthermore, to improve the water safety it is strictly recommended to install a backup treatment on board, such as a UV sterilizer or a microfiltration system.



### 3.7 Advantages of the Energy recovery system

### Introduction

Thank you for choosing a Schenker Watermaker.

The knowledge of operating and maintenance procedures allows to use the system in the best way, and to guarantee a perfect functioning throughout the years. We invite you to read carefully this manual and to keep it for a quick reference.

### **Functioning principles**

The Schenker watermakers, as an alternative to the high-pressure pumps of traditional systems, use the ENERGY RECOVERY SYSTEM patented device, which amplifies the pressure of common low-pressure pumps, and recover all the hydraulic energy back from the membranes, allowing a high energy efficiency. The lack of high-pressure pumps makes the system silent and vibration-free and enormously simplifies its use since no adjustment is necessary for its operating.





### 3.8 Composition of the machine

The machine is composed of the following parts:

### **1. PUMP GROUP**

### 2. WATERMAKER GROUP

### 3.8.1 Pump group

This pump draws sea water and sends it to the watermaker group, through the pre-filter. The pump group is composed of the following components:

- 5 micron cartridge filter and accumulator
- Diaphragm pump •
- High pressure switch
- Pump box



FIG. 3-6



5 micron cartridge filter and accumulator 2 Diaphragm pump

3 Pump box with controller 4 High pressure switch

High pressure switch. It is hydraulically connected to the pump. It stops the system if the pump pressure exceeds 9,5 bar. In this case a high-pressure alarm is activated on the control panel.

Pump box. Plastic Box with all the electric connections for the power supply of motor, motherboard, pressure switches, remote panel and electrovalve.

Accumulator. This is an air accumulator installed after the cartridge filter group. Its function is to reduce and stabilize the pressure peaks during the functioning of the watermaker. The device has to be pre-charged with air through the Schrader valve. The pressure is about 4 Bar. The accumulator is already pre-charged to the correct pressure.

## ATTENTION

The pressure sensor can help detect potential issues, but it cannot guarantee 100% safety: leaving the system running for extended periods of time without proper monitoring and control may still



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pose a risk. It's strongly recommended that users regularly monitor the system and perform routine maintenance checks to ensure safe and effective operation at all times.



3.8.2 Watermaker group



The watermaker group is composed of the following parts:

- Reverse osmosis membranes
- **Energy Recovery System** •
- Manometer •
- Accumulator
- Depressurization valve •
- Positioner •
- Reset valve •
- Signal pressure switch
- Antishock

**Reverse osmosis membrane.** it is installed inside the carbon fibre high-pressure housing. Membrane is n.1 x SW2521 type. Its purpose is to separate the intake high-pressure seawater in two flows: one for the saltwater drain and one for the fresh water production.

Energy Recovery System. The heart of the system. Its main function is to amplify the pressure supplied by the pumps and to recover the hydraulic energy back from the membranes. The ERS device makes periodic cycling by a hydraulically controlled automatic valve. The cycles are noticeable through a "beat" emitted by the watermaker unit. The unit is based on cylinders and a central body containing the hydraulic valve necessary for the system to function.

**Manometer.** Located on the right side of the watermaker, it measures the working pressure of the watermaker.

**Depressurization valve.** It is used for the air bleeding of the unit. It is located on the top of the watermaker. Its function is to depressurize the system and to allow the bleeding of air. The valve must be closed during normal working conditions (completely screwed in) and it is opened during the air bleeding operations (slightly unscrewed).

Positioner. It is a stainless steel threaded shaft, with a black knob, located on the right hand side of the watermaker. Its function is to reset the unit in case of hydraulic block.

Reset valve. It is installed on top of the ERS. It is recognizable by the little blue lever. The valve must be closed during normal functioning (lever perpendicular to the valve). This valve has the function of allowing the resetting of the ERS in case of a system block. It must be opened before screwing in the valve positioner.

Signal pressure switch. It is a device, hydraulically connected to the left side on the main value of the Energy Recovery System. Its function is check that the cycling of the machine is correct. It is set at 1,3 bar.

Antishock. It is a small accumulator. Its function is to stabilize the cycling of the unit.

Computer box. It is an external unit. It has to be installed relatively close to the watermaker, in a position protected from water. It is connected to the remote panel and controls the functions of the watermaker automatically.

The microswitches P1and EV allow the direct command of the pump the electrovalve respectively. They can be used, as an emergency solution, for starting the watermaker in case of total failure of the electronic computer. In normal condition they have to be switched off.



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**Diverting valve (optional).** It is an electrovalve that diverts the fresh water flow according to the value measured by a salinity probe, avoiding the salty water to be sent to the production tank. The 2 cables of the probe must be connected on the PCB of the electric box, clamps **Salinity.** The 2 cables of the valve must be connected on the PCB of the electric box, clamps **Chem** and (-).





The diverting valve has to be installed on the fresh water outlet from valve.





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**Pressure transducer (optional).** It is installed on the inlet of the watermaker. It measures the value of the pressure of the inlet of the system, the same readable on the pressure gauge installed on the watermaker. The value is shown on the display of the touch-screen.

The 2 cables of the device must be connected on the PCB of the electric box this way: Red wire –clamp **12** Green wire – clamp **HP** 



**Digital flow meter (optional).** It has to be hydraulically connected to the watermaker outlet. It measures the fresh water production flow rate sent to the tank. The value is shown on the display of the touch-screen. If the diverting valve is installed, the digital flow meter has to be installed on the inlet.

On the bottom of the device there is an arrow indicating the proper flow direction.

The 3 cables of the device must be connected on the PCB of the electric box this way: Red wire - clamp **12** Black wire - clamp **(-)** Brown wire - clamp **PrBa** 



DIGITAL FLOW METER FIG. 3-13



### 3.8.3 Accessories

The main accessories of the watermaker are the following:

- Active carbon filter •
- Electrovalve (or solenoid valve) •
- Non-return valve (or check valve)
- Mesh filter (strainer)



Active carbon filter. This filter is connected between the fresh water pressurized system of the boat and the electro valve on the filter holder. A manual valve positioned on the filter inlet allows replacement of the cartridge without depressurizing the fresh water system of the vessel.

Electrovalve (or solenoid valve). It has the function of switching from seawater intake to fresh water tank when washing the watermaker.

Non-return valve (or check valve). It stops water flowing out of the inlet hose. It must be installed vertically. It stops leaking of fresh water from the seacock while the washing procedure starts.

Mesh filter. The machine is equipped with a strainer to protect the pump from macro sediments. This is placed between the seacock and the pump.





### 4. INSTALLATION

### 4.1 General criteria

Before starting the installation, it is important to carefully plan all the activities, by evaluating all the siting locations of the equipment. The main points to focus on are the followings:

- Individuation of the seawater inlet.
- Positioning of the main units (pump group, watermaker group, active carbon filter).
- Positioning of the thermal-magnetic circuit breaker.
- Routing of the hoses and electric cables.



### CAUTION

For a correct installation of the watermaker please follow the instructions below:

- The through-hull fitting should be located in a central and low position on the hull, so that air can't be drawn into the pump and subsequently into the watermaker itself.
- The non-return valve has to be installed under seawater level and as close as possible to the through-hull fitting, in vertical position.
- The pump must be installed as low as possible in respect of the waterline and as close as possible to the seawater intake (through-hull fitting). No more that 2m away unless a positive feed is achieved by locating the pump below the waterline.
- The watermaker unit must be positioned and arranged on an adequate support which is able to sustain the weight (about 25 kg). The max allowed room temperature where the watermaker is installed must not exceed 40°C



### CAUTION

The pump group must be installed in a ventilated place, in order to facilitate the cooling of the electric motor.



### ATTENTION

The external surface of motor of the pump can reach high temperatures; therefore, it is recommended to avoid possible contacts with inflammable liquids and materials.



### NOTE

Once an installation plan has been made, it is recommended to make a schematic drawing of the hydraulic and electric connections and attach them to the manual for future reference.



### 4.2 Components installation

### 4.2.1 Pump group

The pump group must be installed <u>as close as possible to the waterline as (maximum no more than 600mm above) and as close as possible to the water inlet (2m max)</u>. Therefore, it is very important to avoid starting the system if the intake valve is closed or if inlet filters are clogged.

The pump group should be installed in a ventilated area, with the purpose of aiding the cooling of the motor. The max allowed room temperature must not exceed 40°C.

Avoid the contact or the proximity with inflammable material or liquid, since the motor surfaces can reach elevated temperatures. Avoid locating the pump wherever a possible loss of water can involve damages or jeopardize its safety. The pump group must be installed on a base sufficiently horizontal, suitable to sustain the weight of the group. The pump group is normally fixed on the support structure by passing bolts.

### 4.2.2 Watermaker group

Install the watermaker above the pump. The max allowed room temperature where the watermaker is installed must not exceed 40°C. It can be placed either horizontally or vertically. The watermaker must lie completely on a flat surface. The supplied neoprene-based adhesive must absolutely be stuck to the supporting surface, cutting it in such a way to cover as much as possible of the surface. Once in place on the supporting surface, the watermaker must be fastened with the provided L-brackets and the rubber nubs. In no way must the watermaker be suspended using solely the L-brackets but it must rest on a flat surface at all times. Otherwise a shelf is necessary as base to support the weight of the watermaker.



VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL FIXING FIG. 4-1



4-INSTALLATION

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For a complete installation, antivibration rubber stickers are provided.



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### ATTENTION

Please follow the instruction to install the unit: an incorrect installation could damage the lateral manifolds of the watermaker.

If the unit is installed horizontally, it is recommended to connect the manometer horizontally in order to be visible. This can be done by making use of the fittings provided.





4-INSTALLATION

There is a plug on the right side of the watermaker (1). This plug has to be removed with a key #27 and has to be replaced with a housebarb (2), provided with the installation kit. It could be installed with a key #22 until its mechanical stop. Don't exceed with the torque.



### 4.2.3 Accessories

The non-return valve has to be installed vertically as close as possible to the seawater intake, following the direction of the arrow.

The active carbon filter (and the attached electrovalve) has to be placed next to the pump group, if possible, vertically and easily accessible.

### 4.3 Installation

### 4.3.1 Water intake and discharge

For a correct installation of the watermaker, it is necessary to arrange the following water intake and discharge out of the board:

- Seawater intake.
- Fresh water intake for washing.
- Brine discharge.

### 4.3.2 Seawater intake

Seacock with	The ideal seawater intake should be 3/4"BSP	Size 3/4"
through-hull fitting	minimum located in a central position, well under the waterline even when the vessel is well heeled over. A scoop skin fitting is recommended. It must be oriented to the bow of the boat. In case of powerboats with a cruising speed above 15 knot, it is advised to make a small hole (8 mm. diameter) on the back of the shape, in order to reduce dynamic prevalence during navigation.	



4-INSTALLATION

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Pre-existing	As alternative, it is possible to use a Tee fitting into a	Size 3/4"
seacock	pre-existent water inlet as long as the following	
adapting	conditions are satisfied:	
(alternatively)	• 3/4" minimum size.	
	<ul> <li>The fitting must be located both low and central in the hull and not forward of the keel.</li> <li>No air can be introduced into the system from</li> </ul>	To watermaker
	other use ie: salt water taps in galley.	The series as a se
	<ul> <li>Must always be under the water surface even when the vessel is well heeled over.</li> </ul>	
	Must be far from WC discharge.	
	Do not use the pre-existing water inlet of the cooling system dedicated to the motor.	

INSTALLATION NOTES

- Allow a minimum 3/4"BSP on-off ball valve on the water intake.
- The hose connections, especially if under the seawater level, must be secured with double hose clamps.
- An easily inspected mesh type filter will be required close to the water intake. The filter has to be of 50 Mesh. It is possible to use filters from existing outlets.
- The seawater intake must be at least 3/4" size.



### INSTALLATION NOTES

The strainer has to be connected close to the through-hull, and must be easily accessible for inspection.

### 4.3.3 Fresh water connection for flushing

Fresh water connection for flushing	<ul> <li>It is necessary to use a tee fitting downstream the fresh water pressure pump of the boat.</li> <li>The following conditions must be respected: <ul> <li>The flow of the fresh water pump must be min 6 lit/min at 1 bar.</li> <li>Flushing must always be performed with the fresh water pump ON.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Fresh water pump of the boat: Min. flow rate 6 lit/min. at 1 bar.
---	--	--

### 4.3.4 Brine discharge

Discharge connection	The discharge connection (back to the sea) has to be possibly above the sea level. Minimum size 1/2" BSP	Minimum size ½"BSP
	It is possible to use a tee fitting on existing discharge hoses (ie: tap discharges) provided that there are no returns of dirty water back to the watermaker.	



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### 4.4 Hydraulic connections



FIG. 4-7



4 - MOUNTING AND INSTALLATION

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- Pressurized fresh water valve 0
- Electrovalve (solenoid valve) 0
- 3 5 micron filter
- Swan neck upward Discharge 4
- 6 Accumulator
- 6 Watermaker

- 7 Pump
- 8 Non return valve (check valve)
- **9** Mesh filter
- **1** Water inlet
- **1** Active carbon filter
- Ð Fresh water outlet

All the hydraulic connections (with exception of the fresh water production) have to be made with 16 mm. int. diam. hoses. The hydraulic section under consistent pressure is the pump outlet - 5 m. filter - watermaker inlet. For this section, it is necessary to use a good quality PN 10 min. reinforced hose. An inadequate hose could burst, seriously jeopardizing the safety of the vessel. The hydraulic connections are:

Low pressure connections – max 3 bar	<ul> <li>Connection between seawater intake –mesh filter – non-return valve inlet – pump group</li> </ul>	Armorvin reinforced pipe PN 6 with 16mm internal diameter
	<ul> <li>Connection between the discharge of the watermaker – through hull discharge fittings of the vessel</li> </ul>	Armorvin reinforced pipe PN6 with 16mm internal diameter
Medium pressure connections – max 10 bar	<ul> <li>Connections fresh water pressurized system– carbon filter-backflow valve outlet–pump inlet</li> <li>Connections pump outlet-5 microns filter– watermaker inlet.</li> </ul>	Rubber reinforced pipe PN 10 minimum, 16 mm internal diameter.
Low pressure connections – max 3 bar	<ul> <li>Watermaker - fresh water tank</li> </ul>	<sup>1</sup> ⁄4" fittings, Small plastic blue pipe 6x8mm provided within the scope of supply



4 - MOUNTING AND INSTALLATION

### PUMP CONNECTIONS:

Connect the in/out hoses to the pump as follows:



PUMP IN AND OUT FIG. 4-8

0

CAUTION

The pump has to be placed as close as possible to the seawater intake and as low as possible to the seawater line; furthermore, it is recommended to avoid long and convoluted path of the connection hoses.

# 

The use of improper hoses can cause them to burst which endangers the security of the vessel.

### WATERMAKER CONNECTIONS:

### WATERMAKER INLET (Sea water inlet from the pump):

Make use of the holder located on the right side of the watermaker (marked IN).

### WATERMAKER OUTLET (Discharge outboard):

Make use, for this connection, of the holder located on the right side of the unit (marked **OUT**). Create a Swan neck upward, when the drain outlet on the vessel is positioned below the watermaker unit, in order to guarantee a water head.

### **PRODUCTION FRESH WATER CONNECTION**

The connection has to be made using the small hose supplied with the equipment. The connection has to be made between the polyethylene pipe that comes out the watermaker unit (on the right), and the upper side of the tank, on a  $\frac{1}{4}$ " outlet if available.

It is possible, in case of metal tanks, to make a  $\frac{1}{4}$ " threaded hole to connect the supplied male connector. Another option is to use the tee fitting into the tank air vent hose. There are no particular limits on the connection length.



4 - MOUNTING AND INSTALLATION

### 4.5 Electric connections



ATTENTION

These steps have to be performed by a qualified technician/operator, by referring to the electrical drawings provided in this document.

### 4.5.1 Remote control panel installation

The remote control panel has the following dimensions:

width 135 mm. height 116 mm.

It can be fixed on any internal boat panel, provided that the area behind is free of humidity and condensation and there is enough depth to house the rear part of the panel (approx. 50 mm.).

The cut to be performed on the boat covering panel, to encase the remote control panel, has the following dimensions:

width 110 mm. height 90 mm.

The remote control panel can be connected through the pre-wired multiple cable of a 10mt standard length provided. It is possible to require to the factory a longer cable if necessary.



REMOTE CONTROL PANEL FIG. 4-9



4 – MOUNTING AND INSTALLATION

### 4.5.2 Electric connections: wires (ZEN 30 12/24V DC)

The electric connectors are positioned inside the small electric box connected to the computer box. The power supply, coming from the service batteries, needs to be connected to the terminals – and + . The connection to the vessel panel needs to be performed downstream the voltmeter and the ammeter of the vessel panelboard. The connecting terminal must be suitable to support the plant electric load (approx. 150 Watt). A 16 Ampere automatic circuit breaker for 12V DC systems must be installed on the power supply, while a 10 Ampere for 24VDC systems.

The general wires connection scheme (between the external devices and the main electric box) is the following:

Voltage	Automatic	Cable length					
	switch	up to 3 mt 3 - 7 mt		up to 3 mt 3 - 7 mt.			0 mt.
Volt	Ampere	mm2	AWG	mm2	AWG	mm2	AWG
12	16	4	11	10	7	16	5
24	10	2,5	13	4	11	4	11

### The connection general diagram is the following:

Clamp	Position	connect to	cable section
-	Pump box	negative battery positive battery	see table
+	Pump box		see table
-	Pump box	Computer box	2,5 mm2
+	Pump box	Computer box	2,5 mm2
P1	Pump box	Computer box	2,5 mm2
PS	Computer box	Signal pressure switch	2,5 mm2
PS	Computer box	Signal pressure switch	2,5 mm2
EV	Computer box	electrovalve (on the AC filter)	2,5 mm2
EV	Computer box	electrovalve (on the AC filter)	2,5 mm2

### Connection between the computer box and remote panel.

Connect the remote panel to the computer box using pre wired cable supplied (standard length 10 mts.) The microswitches allow the direct command of the pump and of the electrovalve. They can be used as an emergency solution for activating the watermaker. They have to be switched off in normal condition. The rated current of the fuses is 400mA for the one on the motherboard, 3,16A for the bottom board.





WIRING LOGIC SCHEME12-24 VDC FIG. 4-10



4 – MOUNTING AND INSTALLATION

### 4.5.3 Electric layout scheme (12/24V DC)





### 5. FUNCTIONING AND USE

### 5.1 Command description



HOME PAGE – PAGE 1 FIG. 5.1

### N° Fuction

- 1 Remote panel voltage
- 2 Pump status
- 3 Timer
- 4 Pressure control (optional)
- 5 Info box
- 6 Salinity control (optional)
- 7 Flow rate (optional)

### **Possible options**

12 / 24 V ON / OFF Working hours / total hours / total liters Inlet pressure - bar System status / Alarms OK / MED / BAD /WAIT Fresh water lit/hour

The touch screen remote panel has 3 pages. The display switches off after 3 minutes of not use. Touching in any point will light the display up again, without activate any other command.

In the home screen it is possible to check the status of the watermaker and perform the following functions:

### START

Used to start the system; the unit runs indefinitely until STOP is pushed.

### STOP

Used to stop the system. The system doesn't stop immediately but awaits the correct positioning of the internal valve (2-3 seconds), and then stops. If the automatic washing is activated the system performs the automatic washing (1 min) before stopping.

STOP is used as well for an emergency stop, by pressing it for 5 seconds: in this case the watermaker stops immediately.

### FLUSH

The system gets ready to perform an automatic washing (1 minute long) once the system is stopped.





### All commands in this page allow to start the watermaker with different options.

### **PRODUCTION TIMER**

It allows to select the working time of the watermaker (1-6 hours) by pressing on the arrow ">".

### AUTOMATIC STARTUP

This function activates automatically the first start up procedure. The procedure is necessary when a new machine is started for the first time, or after the filter cartridge replacement, or a general service. The procedure allows to purge completely the air from the system, and from the seawater and the washing fresh water hoses. The depressurization valve must be opened before start the procedure. The distinctive color is YELLOW.

### PERIODIC WASH

This function allows a periodic automatic rinsing (every 6 up to 10 days) with fresh water. It can be used before long inactivity periods. The single washing operation will last about 1 minute. The consumed fresh water, for every washing, is about 6 liters. Therefore it is suggested to evaluate if the fresh water reservoir is enough for the programmed cycles. When this function is activated the FLUSH button is on and a count down appears in the Timer box.

### MANUAL WASH

Used to start a 10-minute washing procedure. The system can be stopped at any time by pushing STOP.






#### **BYPASS SWITCH**

It allows to exclude the sensor (signal pressure switch) that detects the correct cycling of the ERS. The operation with the by-pass is necessary only in case of malfunctioning of the signal pressure switch (in example if the system gets blocks, with the message " SYSTEM BLOCKED", not as consequence of a real hydraulic problem, but just as consequence of the malfunctioning of the probe).

The bypass is used also during special operation like the shut-down procedure (washing with chemicals). The bypass activation is automatically removed after one single production cycle. Don't activate the by-pass if not necessary.

#### **BYPASS VALVE \***

It allows to exclude the salinity probe that detects the water quality .In this case all the fresh water is diverted to the tank, regardless off its quality.

#### **PUMP SELECTION \*\***

There are 4 options available:

P1 the system works with pump1 only. In this case the production and the electric consumption will be halved P2 the system works with pump2 only. I In this case the production and the electric consumption will be halved P1&P2 the system works with one pump only, alternating P1 and P2 every 20 minutes in order to balance the wearing of the two pumps. In this case the production and the electric consumption will be halved P1+P2 the system works with both pumps. In this case the production and the electric consumption will be the nominal values.

#### **LEVEL CONTROL \***

Allows to set a working procedure with an automatic control: in this case it is possible to install one or two level switches in the fresh water tank.

\*Optional \*\*Not for the single pump watermakers





WARNINGS FIG. 5.4

#### Messages

#### SYSTEM RUNNING

It indicates that the system is properly running.

**SYSTEM STOP** It indicates that the system is ready to be set and started.

#### TANK FULL / AUTO\*

It indicates that the system is in standby because the fresh water tank is full. It starts automatically when the tank is empty.

#### Messages related to the salinity probe \*:

#### **DIVERT TO DISCHARGE**

For 1 minute the fresh water production is diverted to discharge.

- **S** = wait This means that the salinity meter is still completing calculations.
- **S** = **OK** Quality of the produced water is good.
- **S** = **MED** Quality of the produced water is medium.
- **S** = **BAD** Quality of the produced water is bad.

#### Warning messages

There are different warning massages: the unit still works but some controls are disabled. The distinctive color is **ORANGE**.

#### **BYPASS WARNING**

This message advices or remembers that the unit is working in bypass mode (then some safety functions are disabled).

#### **DIV. VALVE BY-PASS\***

This message advices or remembers that the unit is working without the salinity probe control (then all the produced water is diverted to the fresh water tank).

\*Optional





FIG. 5.5

#### Alarm messages

There are different alarm massages: the unit stops immediately and has to be reset by pressing STOP. The distinctive color is **RED**.

#### SYSTEM BLOCKED

This message means that a hydraulic block of the machine occurred, and then the pump has been switched off as safety procedure. In this case is suggested to perform a reset procedure and investigate on the possible hydraulic origins of the problem. If the origin of the problem is just a malfunctioning of the signal pressure switch, it is possible to start again the unit, activating the bypass

#### CONTROL CABLE

Check the continuity of connection between the remote panel and the computer box.

#### **BAD WATER QUALITY\***

When the measured salinity is too high for 15 seconds, the message "DIVERT TO DISCHARGE" is displayed and the fresh water production is diverted to discharge for 2:45 minutes. After these 3 minutes the unit goes into alarm state shutting off the pump group.

\*Optional



#### 5.2 First start-up procedure

The first start up procedure is necessary to start a new system or after a filter replacement or a chemical washing.

The start-up procedure is mainly aimed to purge the air separately from the unit and the pump group.

#### 5.2.1 Preliminary checks before proceeding with the start-up procedure

Perform the following checks before proceeding with the start-up procedure:

- Verify all components and hoses are connected correctly.
   Verify the 5 micron and active carbon cartridges are installed.
   Check the seawater inlet valve and salt water drain valve (if existing) are open.
   Check the reset valve is closed (lever orthogonal to the body valve) and the positioner completely unscrewed.
- 5. Check the fresh water pressurizing pump of the boat is on.
- 6. Check the grey valve on the active carbon filter is open.

#### 5.2.2 Start-up





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The procedure lasts about 3 minutes, and it can anyway be stopped anytime pushing STOP. After completed the procedure the system is ready to start normally.

#### 5.3 Normal operating procedure

Preliminary checks:

- 1. Reset valve closed (lever orthogonal to the body valve) and the positioner completely unscrewed.
- 2. Depressurization valve closed and grey valve on the active carbon filter open.

#### 5.3.1 Normal operating procedure without final flushing

- 1. Press START to turn on the watermaker.
- 2. Press STOP to turn off the watermaker.

#### 5.3.2 Normal operating procedure with final flushing (recommended procedure)

- 1. Press START to turn on the watermaker.
- 2. Press FLUSH to set the final flushing.
- 3. Press STOP to turn off the watermaker; FLUSH starts blinking. The fresh water consumed for the automatic washing is about 6 lt.
- 4. The system can be stopped at any time by pushing STOP.

#### 5.3.3 Working cycle with timer

Select the working time of the watermaker (1-6 hours) by pressing on the arrow ">".
 Press START in the function to turn on the watermaker
 The unit can be stopped at any time by pressing STOP (without final flushing) or by pressing FLUSH then STOP(with final flushing).

#### 5.3.4 Long flushing procedure







Although the watermaker is protected by a 5 micron filter, it must always be used in reasonably clean and transparent waters (turbidity 5 NTU max). Solid particles in suspension such as corals are particularly dangerous for the machine due to their high abrasive power. It is therefore advisable to operate the watermaker away from coral reefs. The 5 micron filter should be replaced regularly. If the watermaker is used in harsh conditions, it is recommended to install an additional 20 micron filter before the 5 micron filter. When changing the filter, care must be taken to clean the container well and to prevent particles from entering the machine. Damages to the machine due to scratches and abrasions caused by water particles are not covered under warranty.

#### 5.4 Reset procedure

If the watermaker sucks air (or if other problems occur), the automatic hydraulic valve may stop in a central position.

In this case, when the unit is started, it gets suddenly high pressure without cycling. After few seconds the computer recognizes the problem and turn off the pump.

In this case the system has to be manually reset.

This event, besides being very unusual, does not damage the system, but it is necessary to reset the valve with the following simple procedure:





<ol> <li>Screw the positioner know clockwise until it can be moved no further. Normally 18 complete turns at least are needed.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Unscrew the positioner knob counterclockwise back to its original position, until it can be turned no more.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Close the reset valve (lever in vertical position as in the picture).</li> </ol>	
7. Restart the system.	T BAR T



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#### 6. MAINTENANCE (ROUTINE AND SPECIAL)

#### 6.1 Check filter cleaning

It is very important to inspect filters condition periodically.

- In the system there are the following:
  - 1. Mesh filter (strainer).
  - 2. Pump filter (5 micron cartridge filter blue and white filter housing).
  - 3. Active carbon filter.

In order to keep the filters properly clean, follow the tab illustrated hereby:

OPERATION	FREQUENCY	PROCEDURE
Check and clean the strainer	Every 5 days	Visual inspection and washing
Replace the 5 micron cartridge filters	It depends on the working conditions and the turbidity of the sea water. In average conditions the replacement of the cartridge is recommended every 80-100 working hours. Once replaced the filters, it is necessary to purge the air from the system, opening for 2- 3 minutes the depressurization valve.	Unscrew the filter housing counter clockwise by using the specific key provided
Replace the active carbon fibre filter	Once per year	Unscrew the filter housing counter clockwise by using the specific key provided





#### 6.2 Check the watermaker working pressure

The working pressure of the pump is indicated on the manometer of the main unit.

The working pressure depends on many factors, such as water temperature, seawater salinity, batteries voltage, membranes conditions, typology of installation.

The pressure, in normal working conditions, is in the range 6,5-7,5 bar. There is a periodic small pressure peak (during commutation) of 0,1-0,2 bar.



If the average pressure exceeds the above range, it is necessary to check the membranes cleanliness. If the pressure exceeds the abovementioned range, it's highly likely that the membranes are dirty or clogged, and it is necessary to perform a cleaning with the chemical SC1. If the cleaning with SC1 is not enough to reduce the pressure, it might be necessary an alkaline washing with the cleaning SC2.

#### 6.3 Check for leaks

It is necessary to perform this verification at every watermaker start-up and frequently, as possible leaks due to accidental causes (hose bursting, hose clamp loosening, equipment failure, etc.) may occur causing possible damages.

#### 6.4 Check for membranes replacement

The reverse osmosis membranes last for an average period of time of 6-7 years. When the membranes are old, the quality of water usually decreases whereas the working pressure increases. If chemical washings do not produce significant improvements, it is recommended to replace the membranes.

#### 6.5 Shutdown procedure

It is necessary to perform the shutdown procedure before standstills longer than 2-3 months, for instance before the wintering.

The purpose of the shutdown is to flush the system. This might be useful in order to prevent the system from the creation of organic and inorganic sediments, as well as inhibit the growth of bacteria that could reduce the reverse osmosis membranes efficiency.



#### 6.5.1 Necessary Equipment

The following equipment is necessary to perform the shutdown operation:

- 1. 1 tank filled with at least 15 litres of fresh water;
- 2. 2 hoses to be connected to:
  - inlet of the pump
  - discharge of the watermaker
- A bottle of powder SCHENKER CLEANING 1 (SC1). The solution must be prepared following the instruction indicated on the bottle label, and <u>using unchlorinated water</u> (for instance water produced by the system can be an option).
- 4. Tools for dismounting the system's pipes (screwdrivers, pliers, etc.)



HYDRAULIC SCHEME FOR SHUTDOWN PROCEDURE FIG. 6-1

# 

The available products for the shutdown procedure are the followings:

1) SCHENKER CLEANING 1 (SC1 – Acid product) to remove the inorganic components and preserve the watermaker during winter break.

2) SCHENKER CLEANING 2 (SC2 – Alkaline product) to remove the organic components (mould and bacteria) when already deposited; in this case, the system and/or the water produce a "bad eggs" smell. Allow a period of 20 mins for both acid & alkaline cleaning.

It is important that the depressurizing valve is partially open when this procedure is carried out.

# 

Normally only SC1 is required, but in case of strong bad smell (organic contamination) it is recommended to use SC2 as well.

The sequence in this case will be SC2 first, then a flushing of the unit with fresh water, and finally the SC1. Leave the product in the system to winterize the unit.

It is advisable to replace the filters after performed the cleaning procedure with new ones.

If the unit will not be used for a long period of time (for example before winter) the filters can also be removed.



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#### 6.5.2 Shutdown operating procedure

1.	Prepare the solution carefully mixing the bottle of SC1(or SC2) in about 15 litres of unchlorinated water.	
2.	Connect the 2 hoses to the pump and watermaker as indicated above, and dip them in the solution.	
3.	Check they are well submerged in the solution and don't suck air.	Pipes under the free water surface
4.	Open the depressurization valve.	



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5. Start the watermaker with the by-pass activated	ByPass Pressure     OFF     ByPass Valve     OFF       Pump Selection      Level Control     OFF
<ol> <li>Leave the unit running for approx. 20 minutes, checking that the hoses are properly positioned in the recipient, in order to avoid inhaling air.</li> </ol>	
7. Stop the unit and connect the original hoses.	STOP FLUSH FLUSH STOP FLUSH Store FLUSH Store FLUSH Store Schenker



It is necessary to perform the first start-up procedure when restarting the plant after a shutdown procedure, in order to purge the air and drain out chemicals in the systems.



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#### 6.6 Antifreeze procedure (Winterizing procedure in cold climate - under 5°C)

It is recommended to first perform the normal shutdown procedure by using SC1 in order to prevent the system from the creation of organic and inorganic sediments, as well as inhibit the growth of bacteria that could reduce the reverse osmosis membranes efficiency.

After this operation, the system must be flushed and filled with an antifreeze. The recommended antifreeze product is a solution of **propylene glycol and unchlorinated water**. The ideal concentration of propylene glycol is

- 45% (for temperatures down to 20°)
- 55% (for temperatures down to 30°).

## 

#### Do not use ethylene glycol as this substance is toxic and not-degradable.

The total volume of the solution must be about 15 litres.

The procedure is similar to the one used for chemical washing with SC1 and SC2 products:

- 1. Prepare the solution carefully by mixing the propylene glycol with 15 litres of unchlorinated water and by following the concentration suggested above.
- Disconnect the drain hose and the pumps suction hose.
   Connect two hose pieces to the drain and to the pump
- suction.
- 4. Insert the end side of the hoses into the bucket, verifying that the hoses have been properly dipped in the solution and that they do not inhale air.
- 5. Open the depressurization valve.
- 6. Start the watermaker.
- 7. Leave the unit running for approx. 5 minutes.
- Stop the unit and connect the original hoses. The antifreeze solution must stay in the system. Take care to not leave the system empty when reconnecting the hoses.

HYDRAULIC SCHEME FOR WINTERIZING PROCEDURE FIG. 6-2



## ATTENTION

Before proceeding with any kind of service, it is strongly recommended to read carefully the instructions contained in this manual.



#### 6.7 Periodic maintenance

#### 6.7.1 Membrane replacement

The reverse osmosis membranes last for an average period of time of 6-7 years. When the membranes are old, the quality of water usually decreases whereas the working pressure increases. If chemical washings do not produce significant improvements, it is recommended to replace the membranes.

#### 6.8 Adjustments





7-TROUBLESHOOTING

## 7. TROUBLESHOOTING

#### 7.1 Troubleshooting chart

Issue	Probable cause	Remedy
Pump doesn't start	Pump pressure switch disconnected or burned Electronic failure	Restore or replace the pump pressure switch Start pump and electrovalve using microswitches.
Pump starts but the system suddenly blocks in high pressure	Hydraulic block Dirty filters	Perform reset procedure Replace filters
During operation, the pump temporarily switches off, giving rise to a start and stop phenomenon	Pump pressure switch not correctly set Dirty filters or membranes	Calibrate pump pressure switch Clean or replace
High pressure variations during commutation (> 0,2 Bar)	Low accumulator pressure low	Inflate at a pressure of 4 Bar
Low production / normal or low pressure	Low battery Air within the system	Check battery charge Purge air opening for a while the pressure valve
Low production / high pressure (> 10 Bar)	Clogged filters Clogged membranes Cold seawater	Replace filters Perform washing with SC1 Normal condition



## 8. SUGGESTED SPARE PARTS

#### 8.1 Short term cruising

For short term cruising, it is advisable to have onboard a cleaning kit (one SC1 and one SC2 cleaning product) as well as one 5 micron cartridge filter. Other additional spare parts are listed below with their codes:

Spare part name	Code
SC1 WASHING PRODUCT	SC1
SC2 WASHING PRODUCT	SC2
CLEANING KIT (SC1+SC2)	СК
5 MICRON CARTRIDGE 5"	F5R
ACTIVE CARBON FILTER CARTRIDGE 5"	Z30CA

#### 8.2 Long term cruising

For long term cruising, it is advisable to have onboard a cruising kit (three x 5 microns cartridge filter, one active carbon filter, one cleaning kit) and a signal pressure switch. Other additional spare parts are listed below with their codes:

Spare part name	Code
SC1 WASHING PRODUCT	SC1
SC2 WASHING PRODUCT	SC2
CRUISING KIT	CRKZ30
SPARE PUMP SM-MOD 30/60 12V	SP36/12
SPARE PUMP SM-MOD 30/60 24V	SP36/24
MEMBRANE 2521	M2521
PORTABLE SALINITY TESTER	PST
PUMP HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH	PSP36
SIGNAL PRESSURE SWITCH	PSSS361
PRESSURE TRANSDUCER	DPM16
SPARE SEALS KIT ZEN30	SSZ3